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IS 3041 (1994): Minced Type Chewing Tobacco [FAD 4: Tobacco and Tobacco Products]



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“Knowledge is such a treasure which cannot be stolen”

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भारतीय मानक

पिसी हुई चबाने वाली तम्बाकू — विशिष्ट

(दूसरा पुनरीक्षण)

Indian Standard

**MINCED TYPE CHEWING TOBACCO —
SPECIFICATION**

(Second Revision)

UDC 663.972

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BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS
MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG
NEW DELHI 110 002

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Price Group 2

FOREWORD

This Indian Standard (Second Revision) was adopted by the Bureau of Indian Standards, after the draft finalized by the Tobacco and Tobacco Products Sectional Committee had been approved by the Food and Agriculture Division Council.

A number of brands of chewing tobacco, minced type are manufactured in the country depending upon the leaf tobacco used, the processing technique employed and the admixture of various ingredients used. The range of brands of chewing tobacco, minced type produced in the country is very wide and it is felt necessary to formulate an Indian Standard specification. The broad objective of this standard is not only to enable the Indian consumer to get a product of assured quality, but also to help in promoting export of this product.

This standard was published in 1965 and was first revised in 1973. The Sectional Committee on a review of the standard decided to revise it updating its provisions in the light of technological advancement, and the experience gained in the field over the years.

For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS 2 : 1960 'Rules for rounding off numerical values (*revised*)'. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

Indian Standard

MINCED TYPE CHEWING TOBACCO — SPECIFICATION

(Second Revision)

1 SCOPE

This standard prescribes the requirements, methods of sampling and test for minced type chewing tobacco.

2 REFERENCES

The following Indian Standards are necessary adjuncts to this standard:

IS No.	Title
1070 : 1992	Reagent grade water (<i>third revision</i>)
3110 : 1982	Silver leaf (<i>first revision</i>)
4905 : 1968	Methods for random sampling
5643 : 1989	Methods of test for tobacco in tobacco products (<i>first revision</i>)

3 REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Description

The minced type chewing tobacco (in the form of shreds) shall be prepared from mould-free tobacco leaves. It may be coloured and perfumed.

3.2 Freedom from Mould Attack

The material shall be free from any mould attack, when examined by the method prescribed in 6 of IS 5643 : 1989.

3.3 Harmful Substances

The material shall not contain any harmful substances.

3.4 Additives

Any substances, if added, shall be of a nature and purity which are suitable for use as food additives and as permitted under the *Prevention of Food Adulteration Rules, 1955*.

3.5 Silver Foils (Leaf)

Silver foils (leaf) when used shall conform to IS 3110 : 1982.

3.6 The material shall also comply with the requirements prescribed in Table 1.

4 PACKING

The material shall be packed in waxed paper, polyethylene coated paper, glassine paper or any other suitable paper which will help in the preservation of moisture. It may also be packed in polyethylene or multilaminated pouches, glass or tinplate containers. These containers may then be packed in bulk container as agreed to between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

5 MARKING

5.1 Each packet of chewing tobacco shall be legibly and indelibly marked with the following:

- a) Description of contents,
- b) Name of the manufacturer,
- c) Trade-name or brand name,
- d) Date of manufacture or date code, and
- e) Any other statutory information as required.

Table 1 Requirements for Minced Type Chewing Tobacco
(*Clauses 3.6 and 7.1*)

Sl No.	Characteristic	Requirement	Method of Test (Ref to Cl of IS 5643 : 1989)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
i)	Moisture, percent by mass, <i>Max</i>	27.0	5
ii)	Nicotine (on dry basis), percent by mass, <i>Max</i>	8.0	7
iii)	Total ash (on dry basis), percent by mass, <i>Max</i>	25.0	9
iv)	Acid insoluble ash (on dry basis), percent by mass, <i>Max</i>	5.0	10

5.2 BIS Certification Marking

5.2.1 The product may also be marked with the Standard Mark.

5.2.1.1 The use of the Standard Mark is governed by the provisions of Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 1986 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder. The details of conditions under which the licence for the use of Standard Mark may be granted to manufacturers or producers may be obtained from the Bureau of Indian Standards.

6 SAMPLING

Drawal of representative samples of the material

and the criteria of conformity shall be as prescribed in Annex A.

7 TESTS

7.1 Tests shall be carried out as prescribed in 3.2, 3.5, 3.6 and col 4 of Table 1.

7.2 Quality of Reagents

Unless specified otherwise, pure chemicals and reagent grade water (*see* IS 1070 : 1992) shall be employed in tests.

NOTE — 'Pure chemicals' shall mean chemicals that do not contain impurities which affect the results of analysis.

ANNEX A

(Clause 6)

SAMPLING OF MINCED TYPE CHEWING TOBACCO

A-1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS OF SAMPLING

A-1.0 In drawing, preparing, storing and handling samples, the following precautions and directions given in A-1.1 to A-1.4 shall be observed.

A-1.1 Precautions shall be taken to draw the samples so as to protect the sample, the material being sampled and the receptacles for samples from loss or gain of moisture and from adventitious contamination.

A-1.2 The samples shall be placed in clean and dry receptacles. The receptacles shall be sealed airtight after filling and marked with full details of sampling, date of manufacture, name of the manufacturer and other important particulars of the consignment.

A-1.3 Sample shall be stored in such a manner that the conditions of storage do not unduly effect the quality of the material.

A-1.4 Sampling shall be done by a person agreed to between the purchaser and the vendor and in the presence of the purchaser (or his representative) and the vendor (or his representative).

A-2 SCALE OF SAMPLING

A-2.1 All the bulk containers in a single consignment of the material pertaining to the same brands shall constitute a lot. If the consignment is declared to consist of different brands, the bulk containers belonging to the same brand shall be grouped together to constitute a lot.

A-2.1.1 Samples shall be tested for each lot for ascertaining conformity of the materials to the requirements of this specification.

A-2.2 The number of bulk containers to be selected from the lot shall depend on the size of the lot and shall be in accordance with Table 2.

Table 2 Number of Bulk Containers to be Selected for Sampling

Lot Size	Number of Bulk Containers to be Selected
(N)	(n)
(1)	(2)
Below 5	2
6 to 10	3
Over 10	4

A-2.3 These bulk containers shall be chosen at random and for this purpose some random number table as agreed to between the purchaser and the vendor shall be used (*see* IS 4905 : 1968). In case such a table is not available, the following procedure shall be adopted.

A-2.3.1 Arrange all the bulk containers in the lot in one order and count them as 1, 2, 3,....., up to r and so on. Every r th bulk container thus counted shall be withdrawn to give a sample for test, where $r = N/n$ (*see* Table 2). If r comes to be a fractional number, its value shall be taken as equal to the integral part of it.

A-3 PREPARATION OF SAMPLES

A-3.1 Individual Samples

The number of packets to be taken at random from each selected bulk container shall be sufficient so as to give about 100 g of the material. The material so taken out shall be mixed together; 60 g of the same shall be taken, and then divided into three equal parts of 20 g each. Each part shall constitute

an individual sample representing the bulk container and shall be transferred immediately to thoroughly clean and dry receptacles and sealed air-tight. The receptacles shall be labelled with the particulars given under A-1.2.

A-3.1.1 The individual samples so obtained from the lot shall be divided into three sets in such a way that every set has an individual sample representing each selected bulk container. One of these sets shall be marked for the purchaser, another for the vendor and the third for the referee and all the three sets shall bear the seals of the purchaser and the vendor.

A-3.2 Composite Sample

From the portion of the material left over after preparing the individual sample (see A-3.1), equal quantities of material shall be taken for each selected container and well mixed together to form a composite sample of about 120 g for the lot.

A-3.2.1 The composite sample shall be divided into three equal parts — one for the purchaser, another for the vendor and the third as the referee and all the three samples shall bear the seals of the purchaser and the vendor.

A-3.3 Referee Sample

Referee sample shall consist of a set of individual sample (see A-3.1) and a composite sample (see A-3.2) marked for this purpose and shall bear the seals of the purchaser and the vendor. These shall be kept at a place agreed to between the two.

A-4 NUMBER OF TESTS

A-4.1 Tests for the determination of moisture content, nicotine shall be conducted on each of the individual sample (see A-3.1).

A-4.2 Tests for the determination of the remaining characteristics shall be conducted on the composite sample (see A-3.2).

A-5 CRITERIA FOR CONFORMITY

A-5.1 A lot shall be declared as conforming to the specification when:

- each of the test results for moisture content, and nicotine satisfies the corresponding requirement specified in Table 1. If, however, one or more test results do not satisfy the respective requirement, the conformity of the lot shall be ascertained in accordance with A-5.1.1.
- the test results on the composite samples for the remaining requirements shall satisfy the corresponding requirements as given in 3 and Table 1.

A-5.1.1 In case one or more of the test results do not satisfy the requirements for moisture content, and nicotine, the following procedure shall be adopted for determining conformity of the material in respect of these characteristics. The mean and the range of the corresponding test results shall be calculated as:

$$\text{Mean } (X) = \frac{\text{Sum of the test results}}{\text{Number of the test results}}$$

$$\text{Range } (R) = \text{Difference between the maximum and the minimum of the test results.}$$

The appropriate expression as shown in col 6 of Table 3 shall be calculated. If the values of these expressions satisfy the relevant condition as given in col 6 of Table 3, the lot shall be deemed to have satisfied the requirements for moisture content, and nicotine.

Table 3 Criteria for Conformity

Sl No.	Characteristic	Test Results 1, 2, 3,...,n	Average	Range	Criterion for Conformity
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
i)	Moisture content, percent by mass	—	X_1	R_1	$X_1 + 0.4 \quad R_1 < 27.0$
ii)	Nicotine, percent by mass	—	X_2	R_2	$X_2 + 0.4 \quad R_2 < 8.0$

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